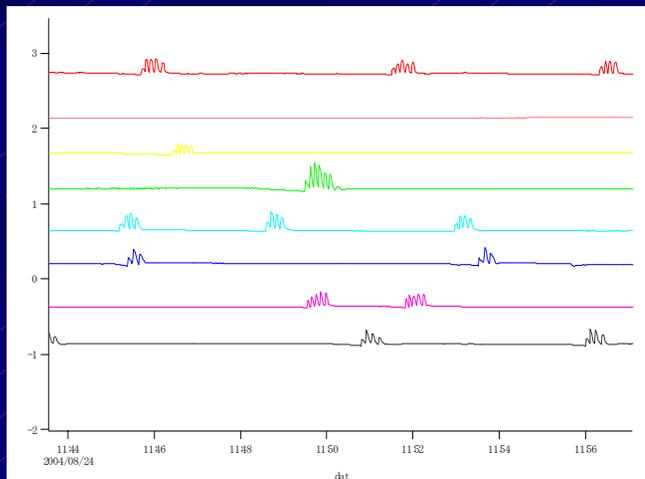


Observation on behavior of the large suspension feeding bivalve *Atrina pectinata lisckeana* under natural conditions



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Background

- Decline of fishing catch on Pen shell fisheries
- Mass mortality of Pen shells on the fishing ground

Are there any indications in the behavior of pen shell that demonstrate their debilitation or reaction to environmental change?



We conducted an observation on the valve movement of Pen shells.

Experiments and Objectives

Laboratory experiment

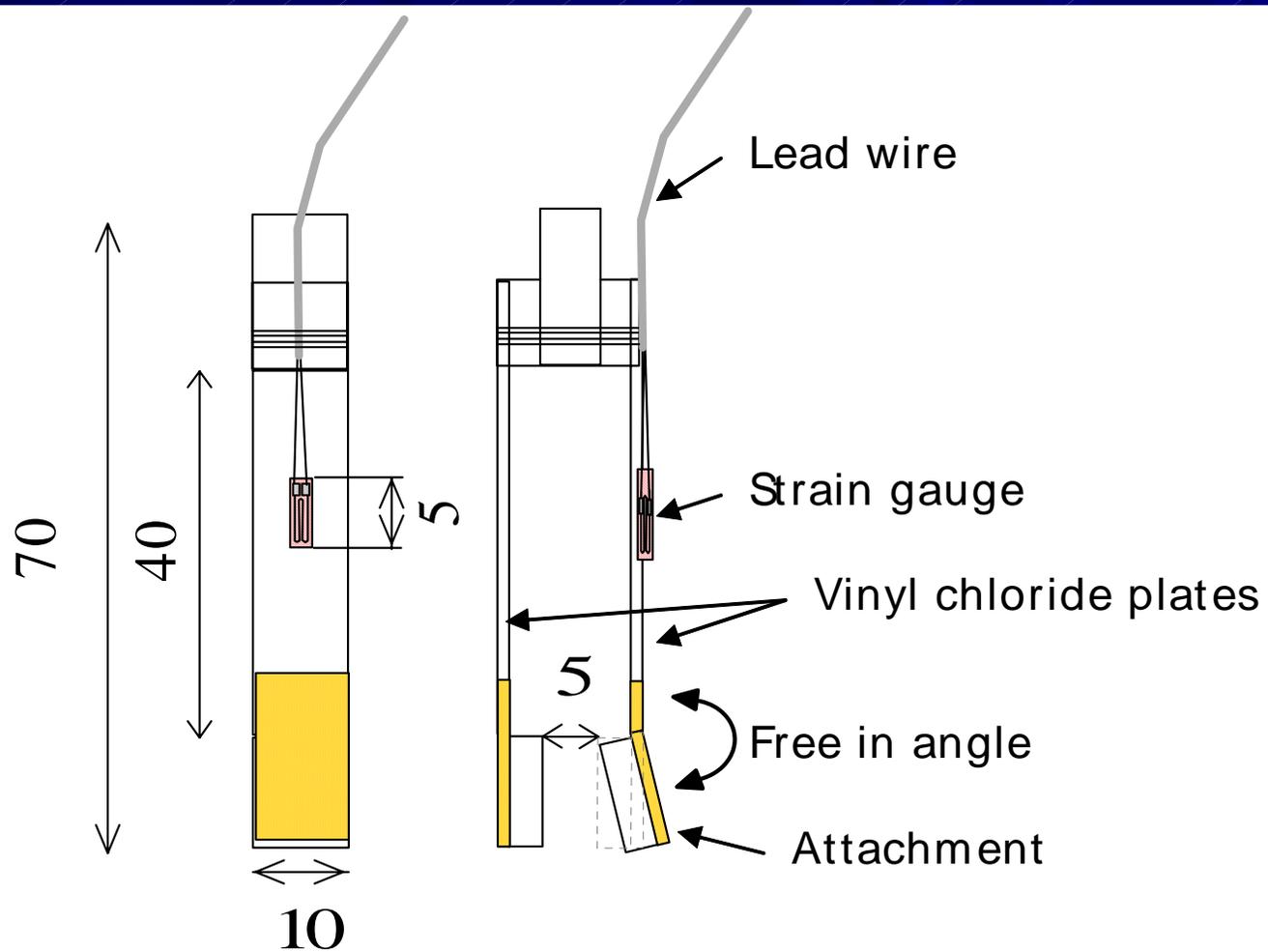
- to identify valve movement patterns of a particular behavior

Pattern identification

Laboratory experiments

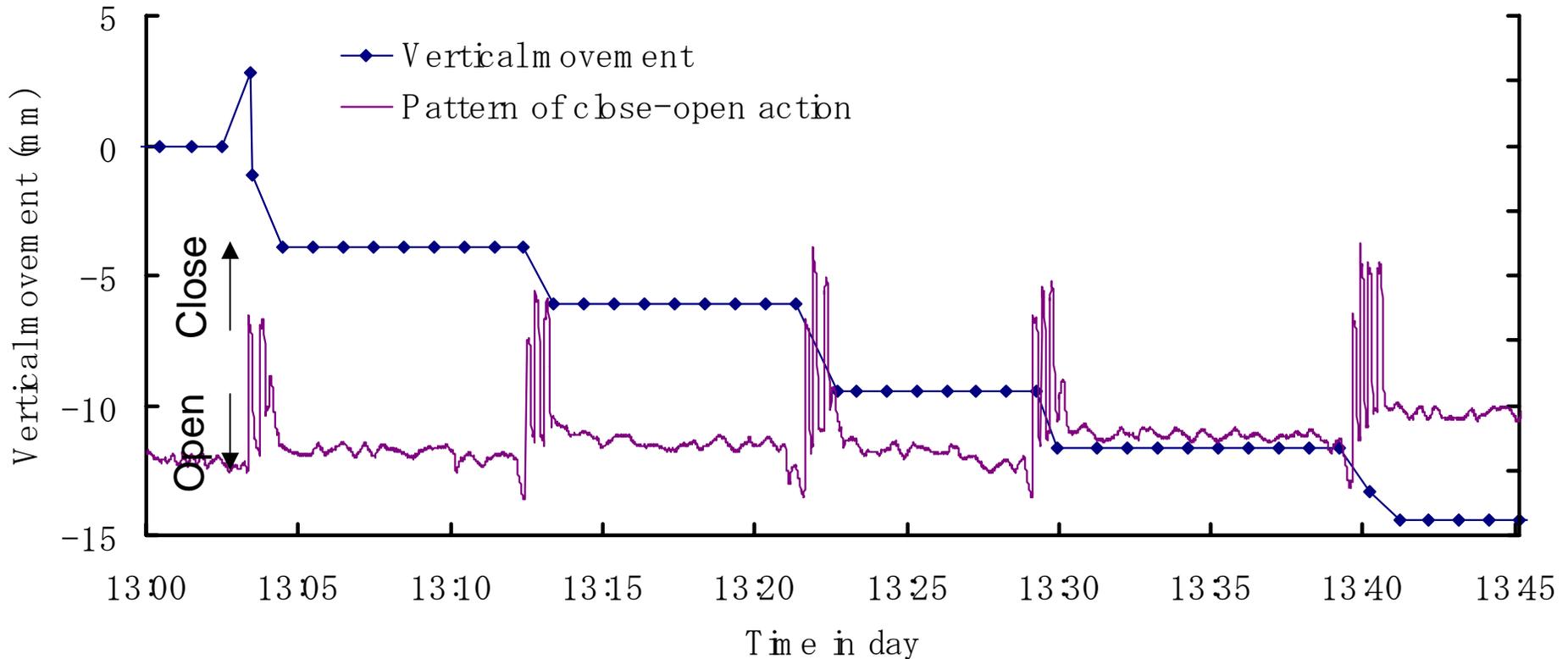
- Monitoring valve movement on the captive Pen shells by strain gauge method
- Visual recording by time-laps VTR of the behavior of Pen shells
- Comparison of valve movement and behavioral action

Apparatus

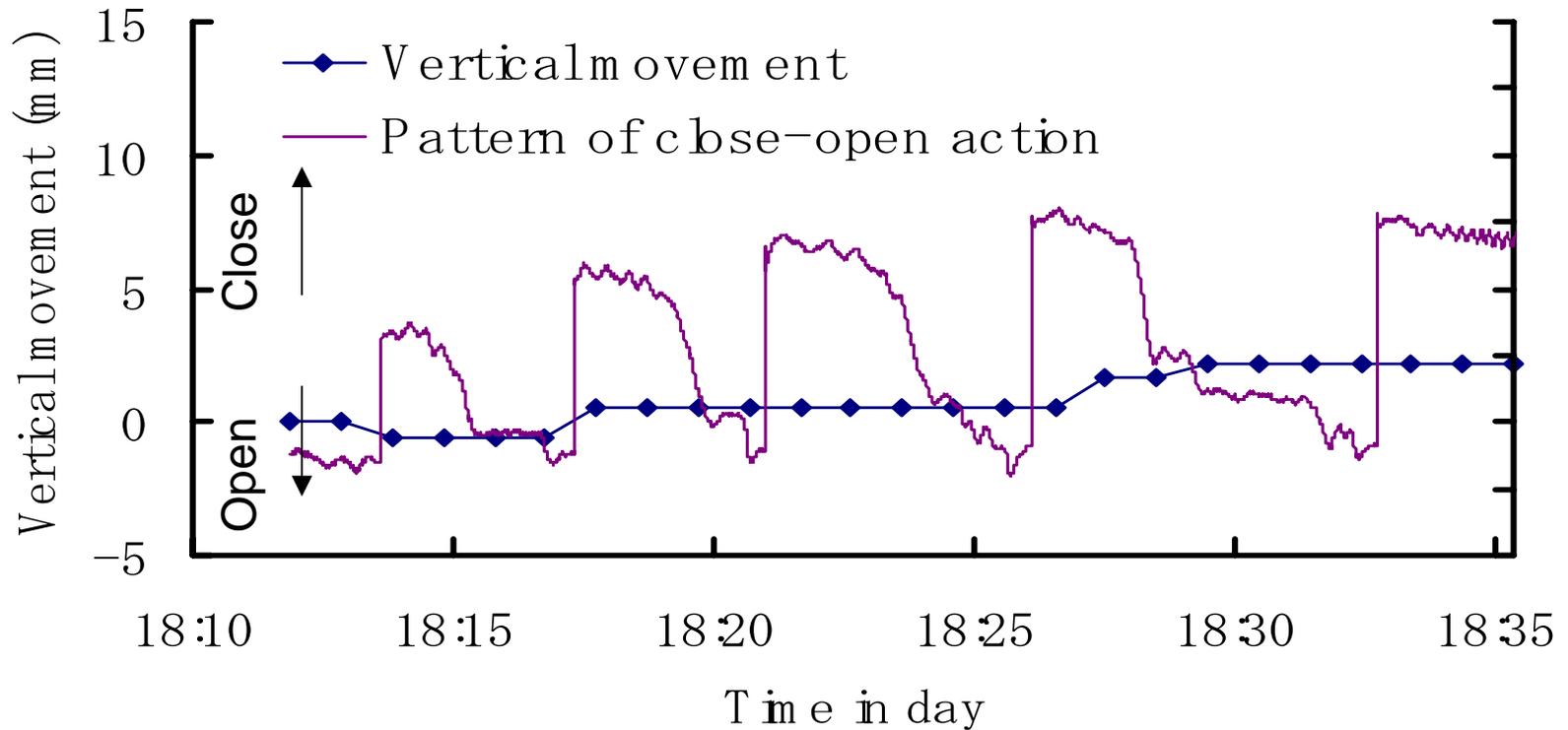


Unit : mm

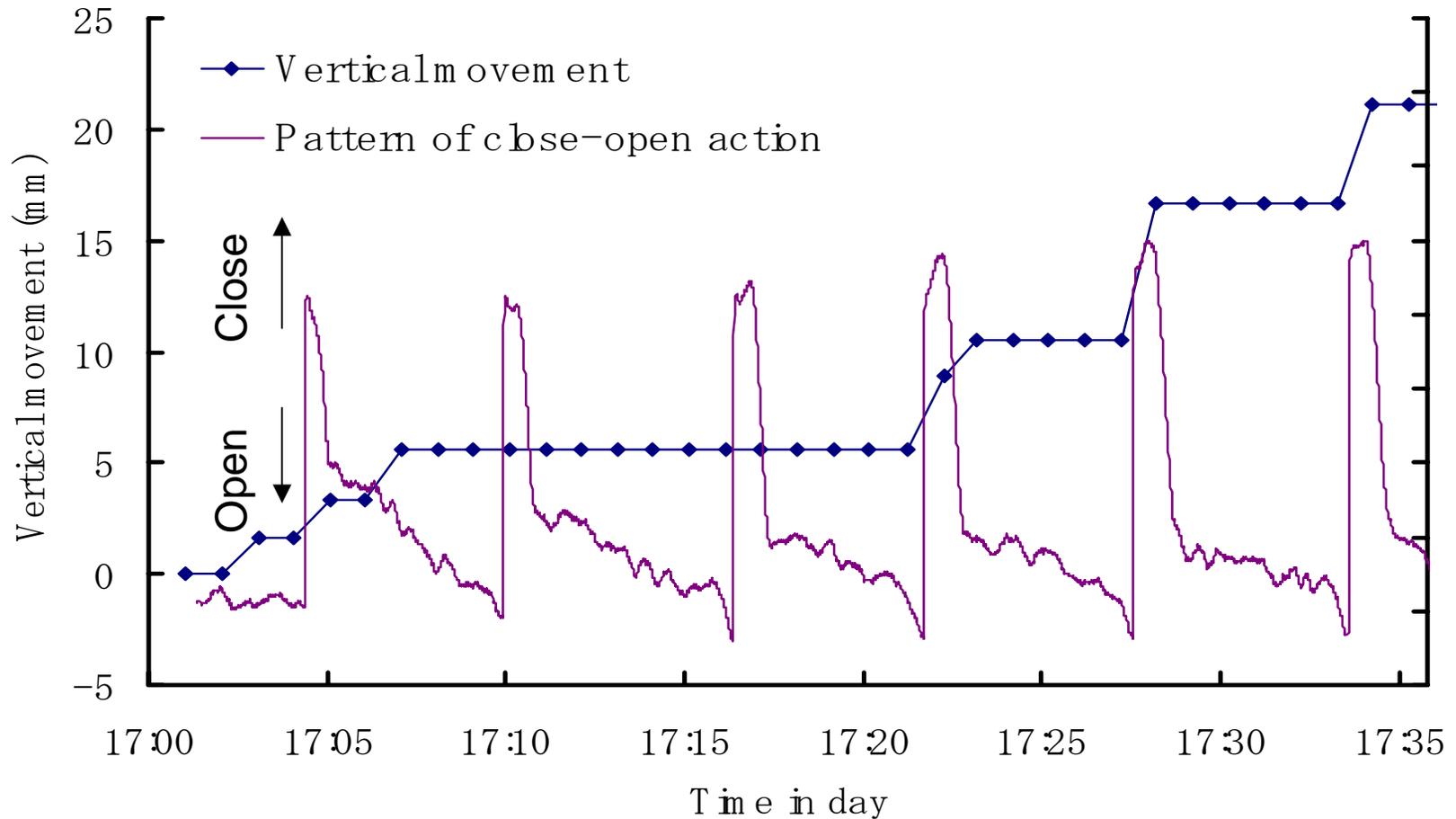
Burrowing behavior



Vomiting behavior



Creep-out behavior under hypoxic condition



Patterns of valve movement

- Multi close-open action
indicates **BURROWING** behavior
- Single close-open action
indicates **VOMITING** behavior
- Single close-open action repeating over
more hours
indicates **CREEP-OUT** behavior

Experiments and Objectives

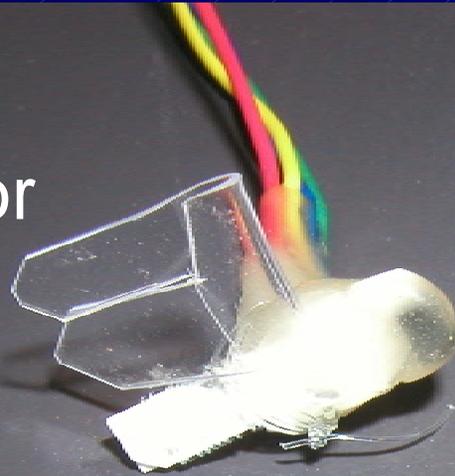
Field experiment

- to develop devices for use under natural conditions
- to obtain valve movement data under natural conditions

Devices for field use

Field experiments

Hall
sensor



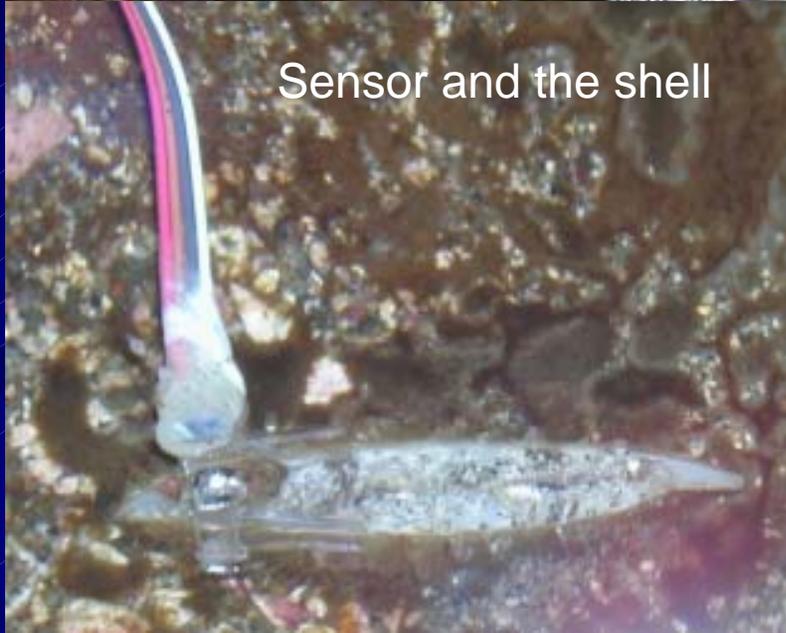
THS130

$4 \times 3 \times 1$ (mm)



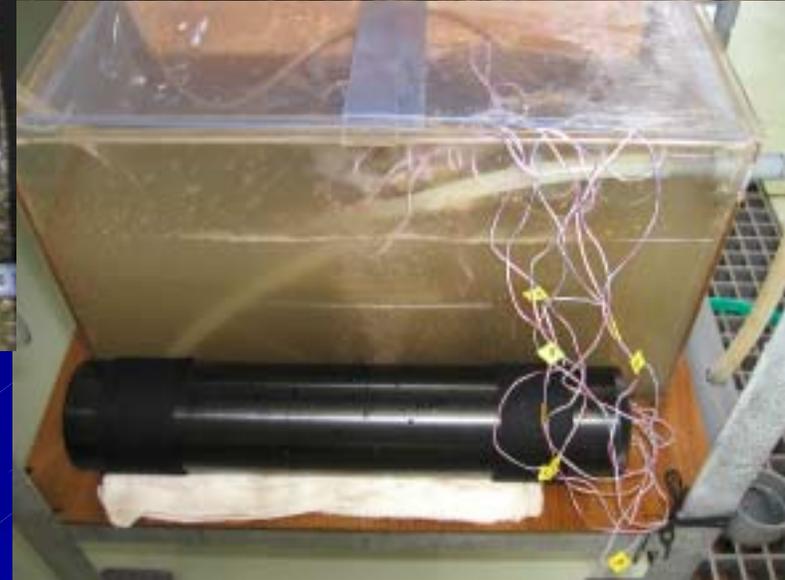
Data logger #1

Wire-communication type

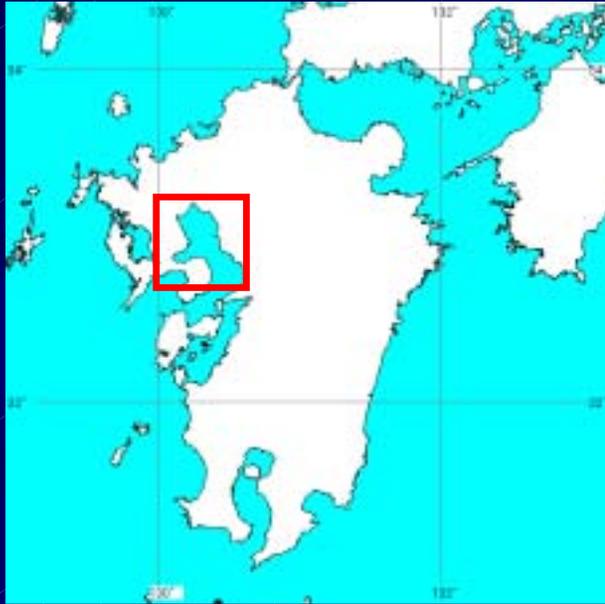


Data logger #2

Under-water type

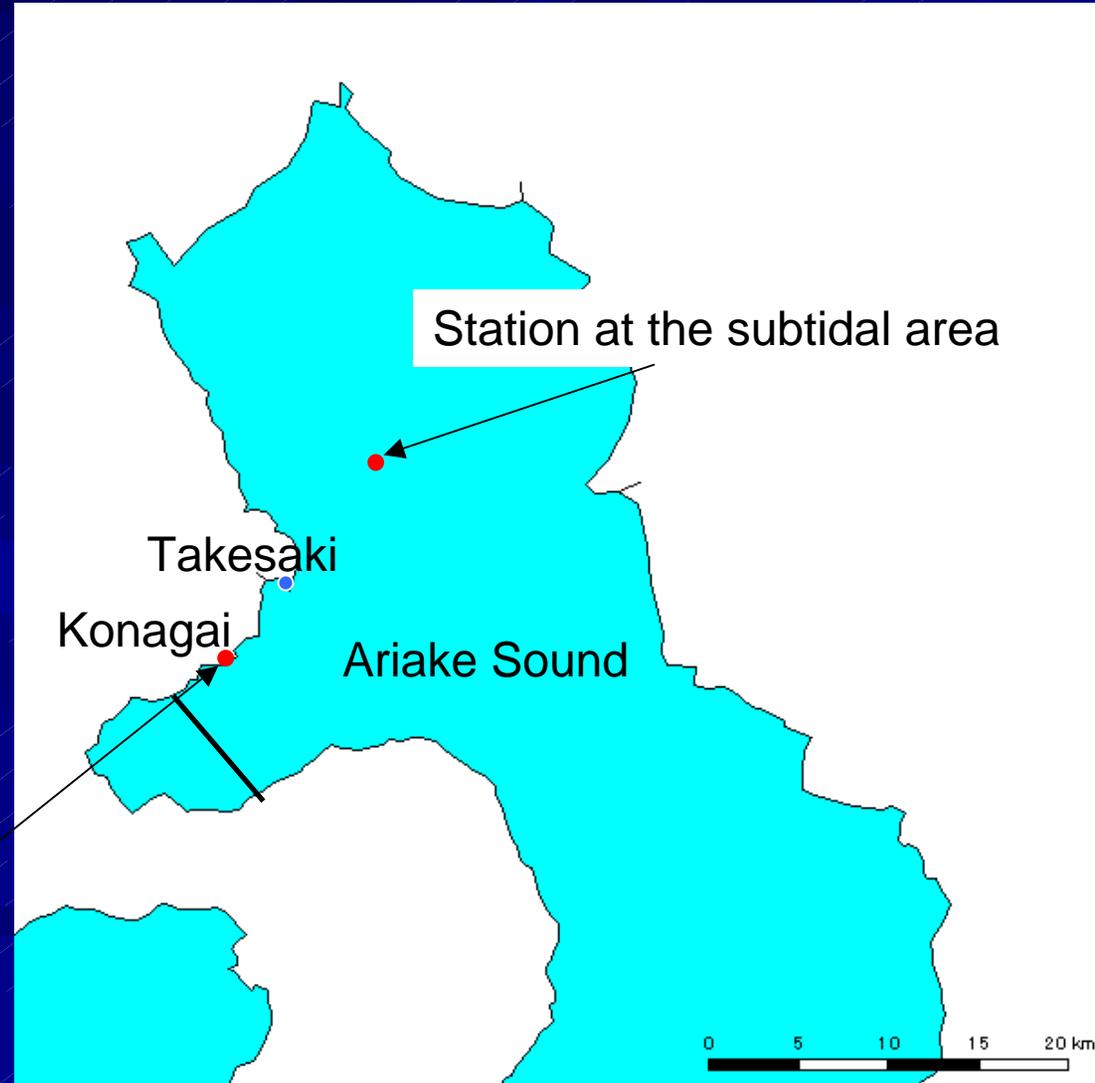


Location of the sites



Japan
Aomori Prefecture

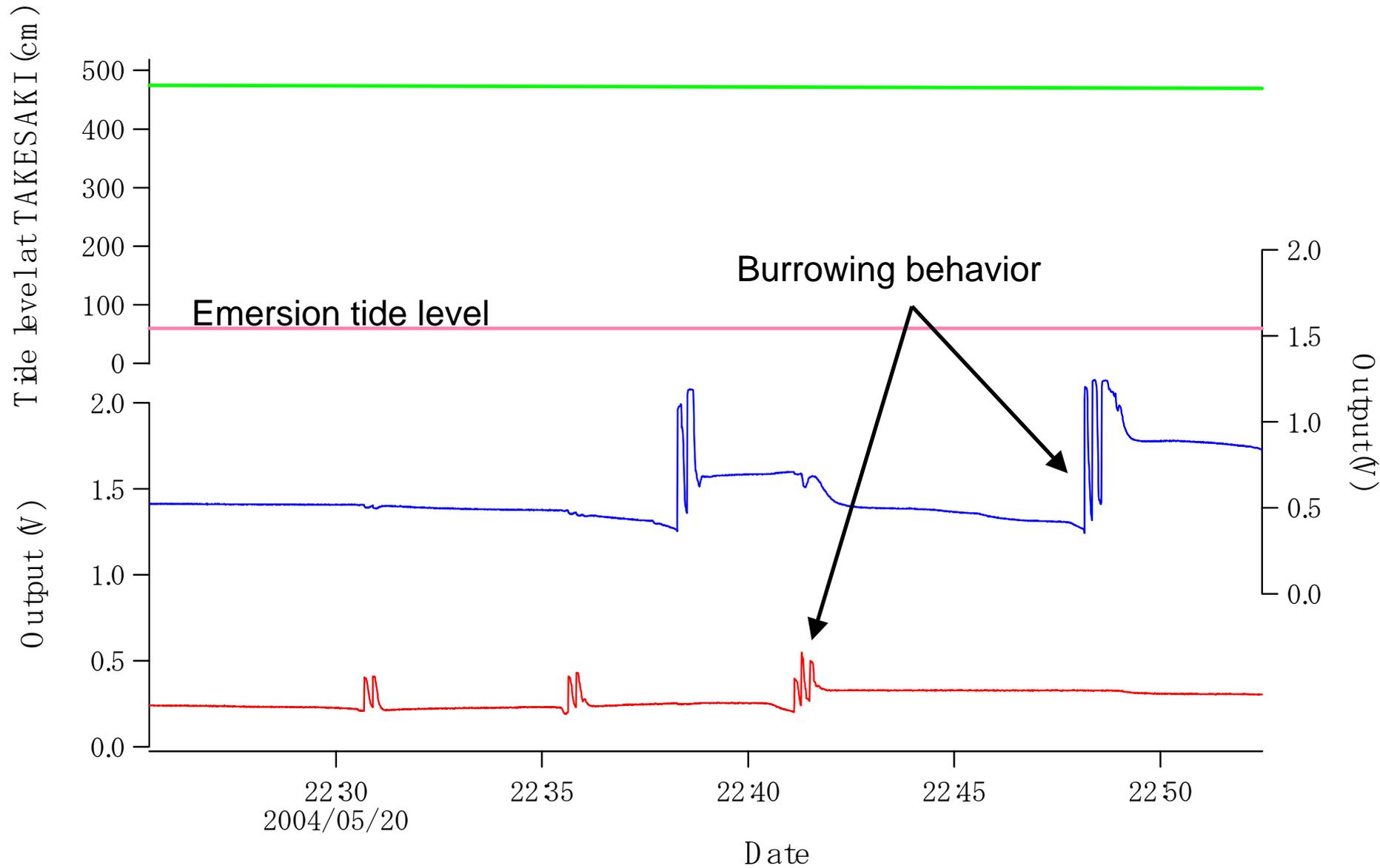
Station on the tidal flat



Measurement of valve movement at the mud flat



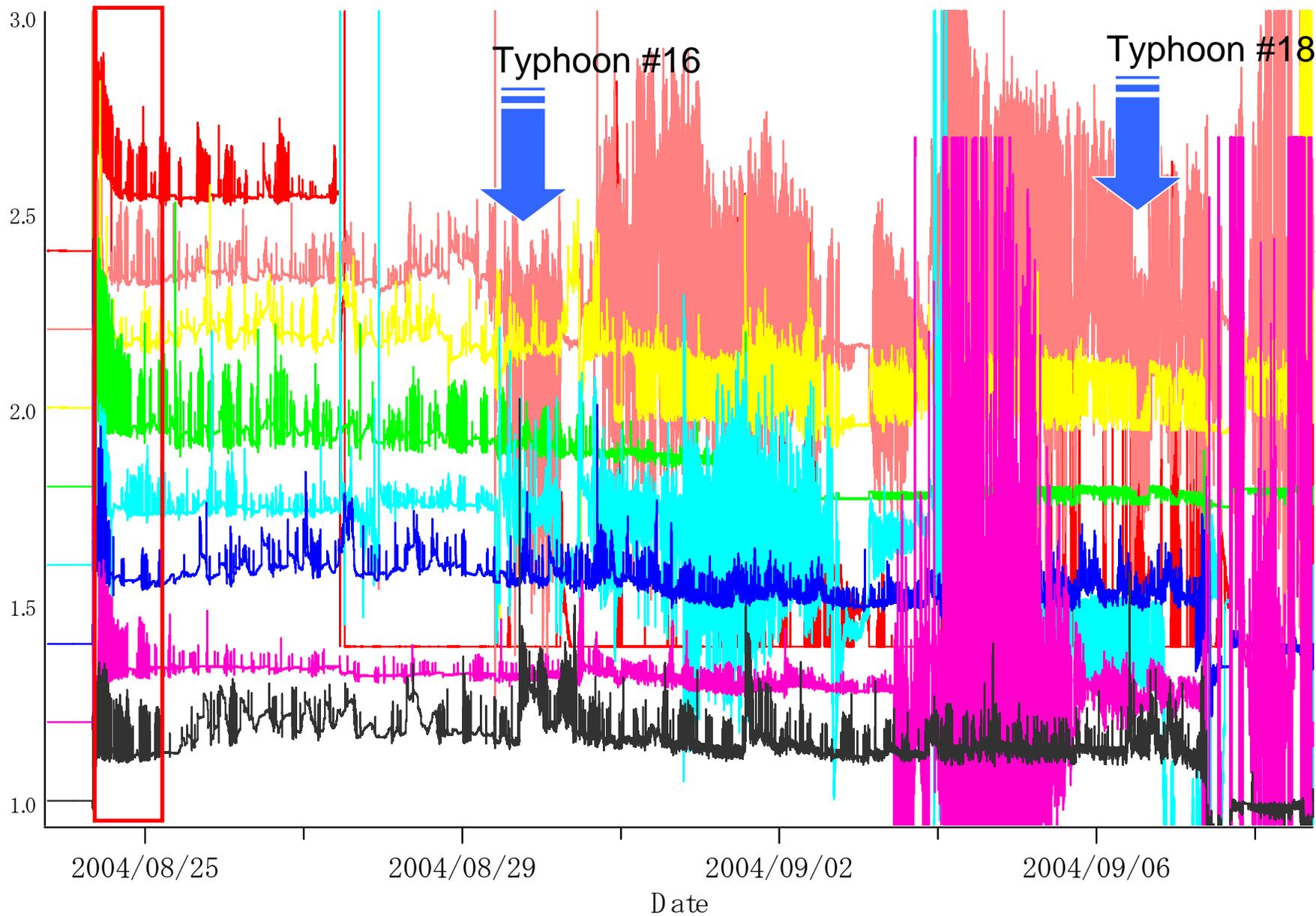
Result : motionless period recorded during emersion



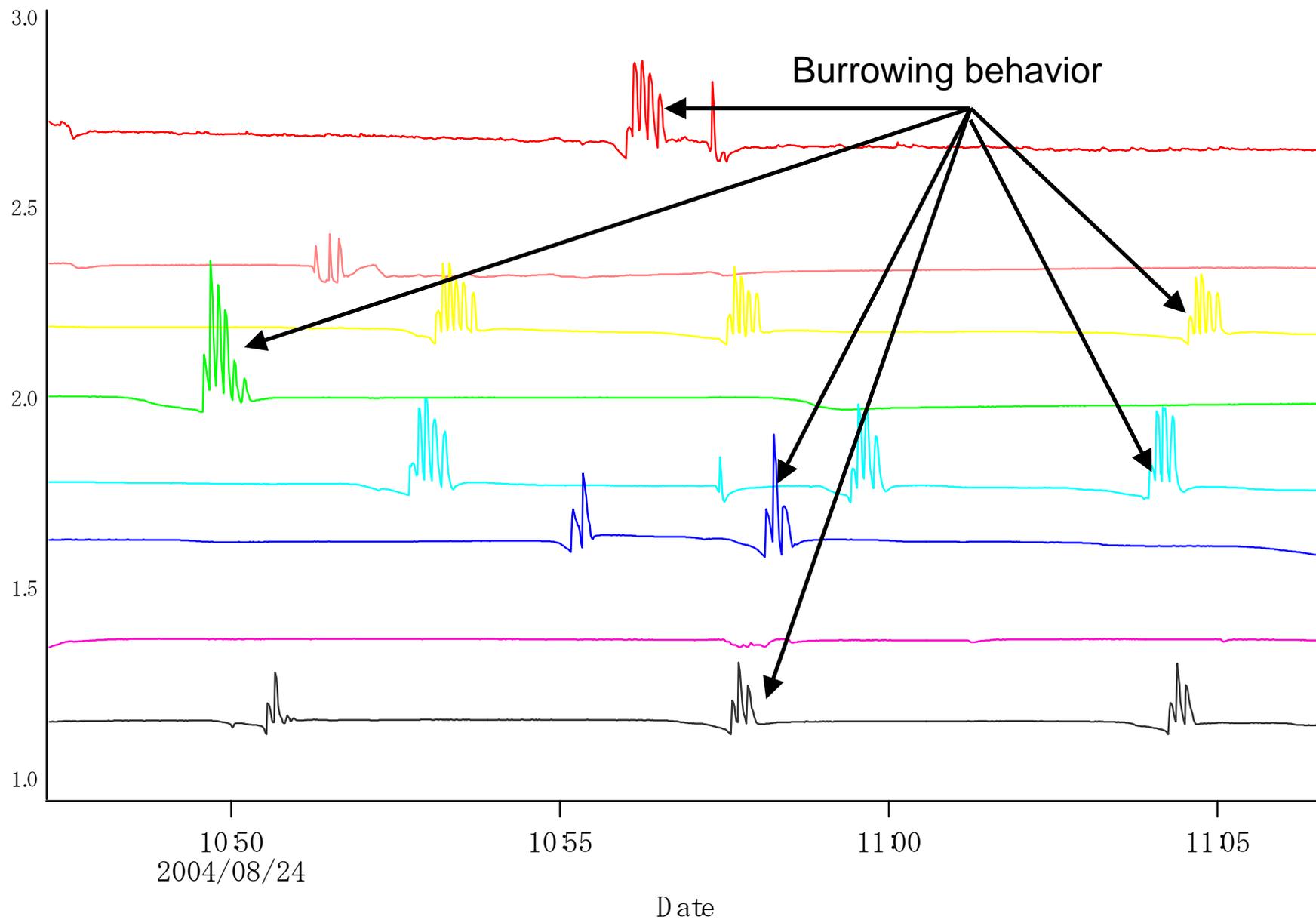
Measurement of valve movement at the subtidal station



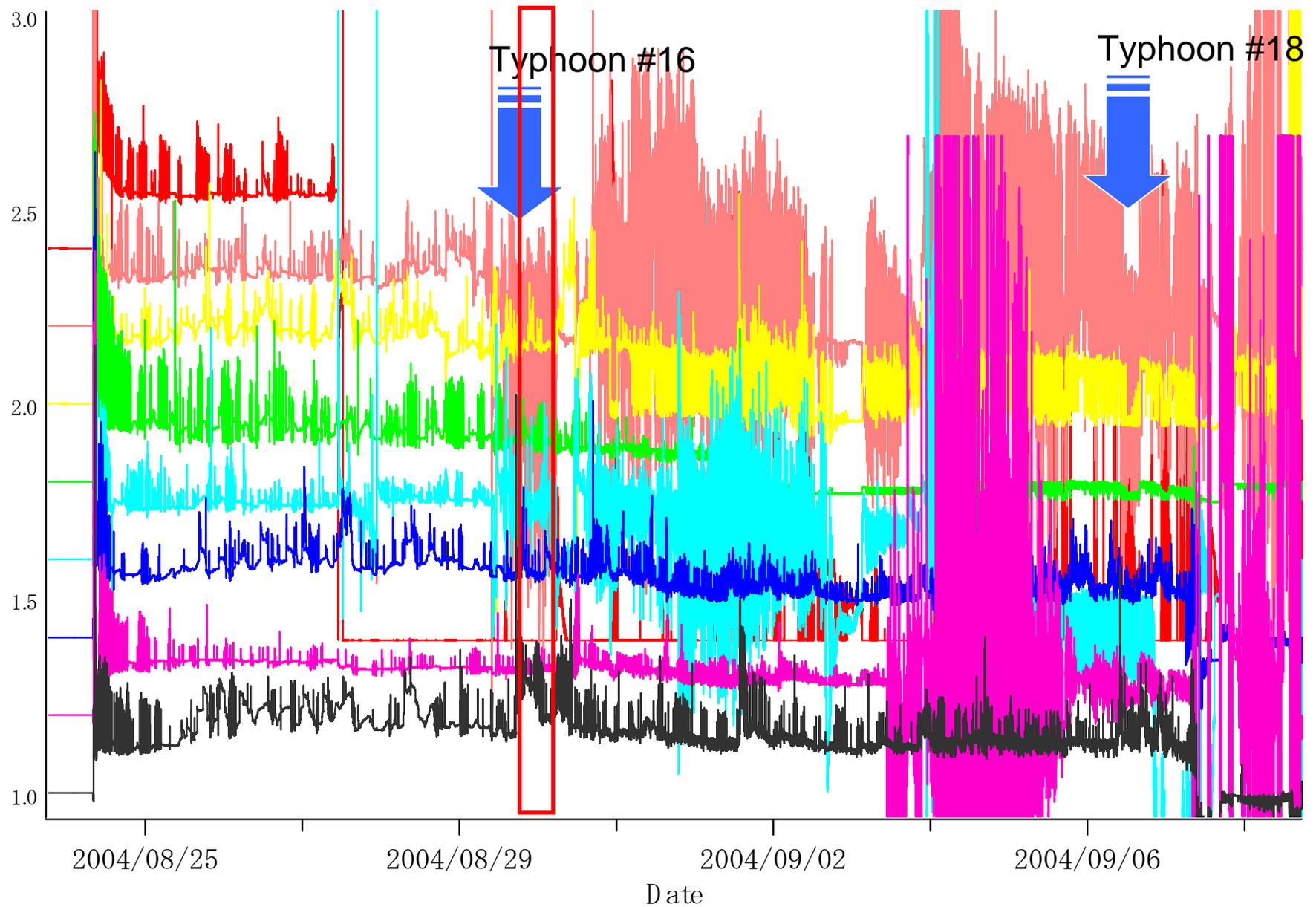
Result



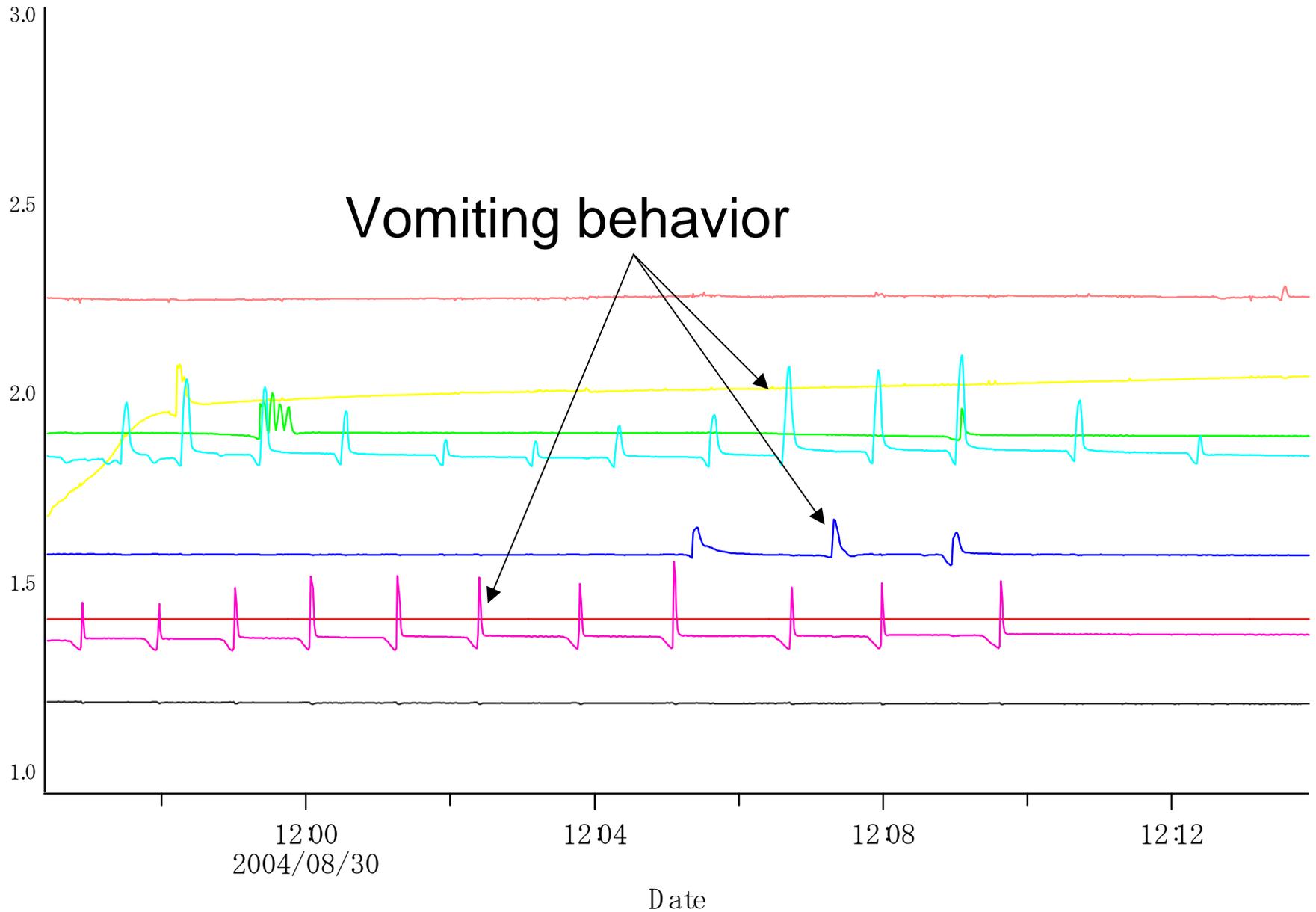
Result : Burrowing behavior after transplant



Result



Result : unusual single open-close action



Summary and Discussion

- We recognized typical valve movement patterns (Burrowing, Vomiting) recorded under natural conditions
- Burrowing is most frequent just after transplanting
- Vomiting action during a storm seems to be due to high turbidity
- Repeated single close-open action which indicate creep-out behavior wasn't observed during the measurement

Future studies

- Build up reliability of the devices
- Collection of more valve movement data under natural conditions
- Laboratory experiment carried out under varying conditions (high temperature, high turbidity, low salinity, starvation etc.)